

LED SMD



Lead-Free Pa

LG-195HRF/DBK-CT

DATA SHEET

DOC. NO : QW0905-LG-195HRF/DBK-CTB

REV: A

DATE : 04 - Mar. - 2016



Features:

1. Package in 8.0mm carrier tape on 7" diameter reel.
2. Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
3. Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.

Descriptions:

1. The LG-195 SMD Taping is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
2. Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications. etc.

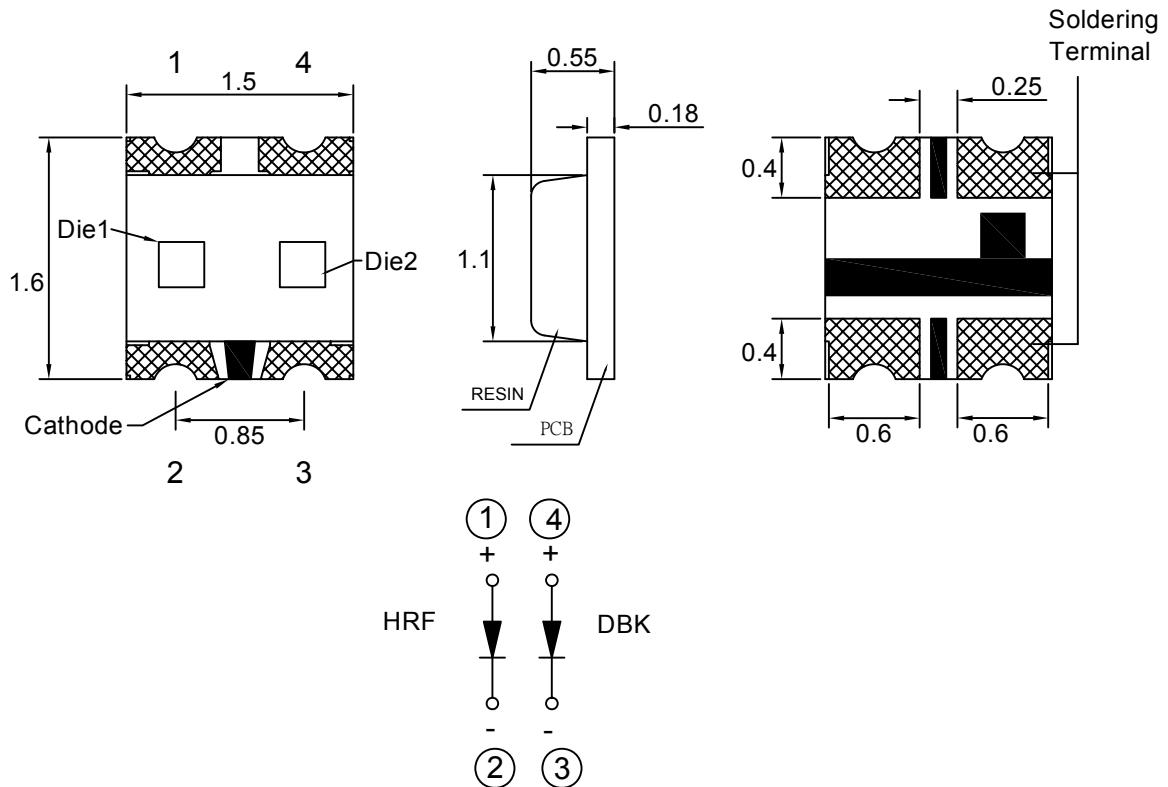
Applications:

1. Automotive : backlighting in dashboard and switch.
2. Telecommunication : indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
3. Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol
4. General use.

Device Selection Guide:

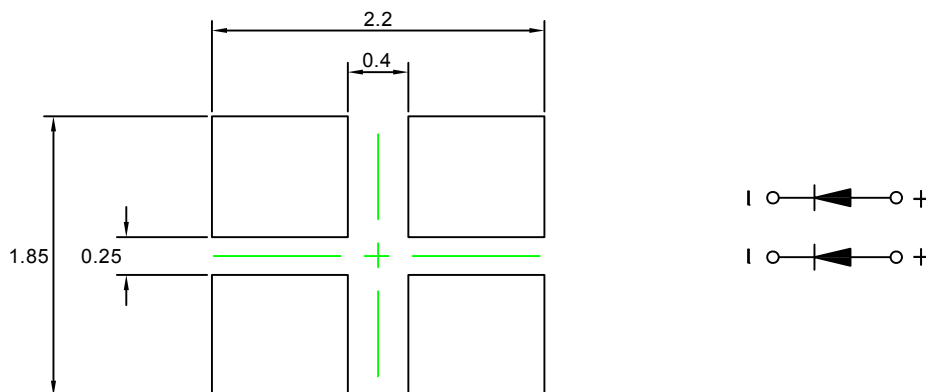
PART NO	MATERIAL	COLOR	
		Emitted	Lens
LG-195HRF/DBK-CT	AlGaInP	Red	Water Clear
	InGaN	Blue	

Package Dimensions



Note : 1.All dimension are in millimeter tolerance is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$ unless otherwise noted.
2.Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Recommended Soldering Pad Dimensions



Note : The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, Angle ± 0.5 . Unit=mm.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings		UNIT
		HRF	DBK	
Power Dissipation	PD	60	72	mW
Peak Forward Current Duty 1/10@10KHz	IFP	90	100	mA
Forward Current	IF	25	20	mA
Reverse Current @5V	Ir	10	50	μA
Electrostatic Discharge(HMB)	ESD	2000	500	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ + 85		°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ + 100		°C

Typical Electrical & Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Items	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNIT	CONDITION	
Luminous Intensity	Iv	HRF	32	125	----	mcd	IF=20mA
		DBK	50	125	----		
Dominant Wavelength	λD	HRF	----	630	----	nm	IF=20mA
		DBK	----	470	----		
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	HRF	----	20	----	nm	IF=20mA
		DBK	----	30	----		
Forward Voltage	VF	HRF	1.5	----	2.4	V	IF=20mA
		DBK	2.8	----	3.6		
Viewing Angle	2θ 1/2	HRF	----	130	----	deg	IF=20mA
		DBK	----	130	----		

Note : 1.The forward voltage data did not including ±0.1V testing tolerance.
 2. The luminous intensity data did not including ±15% testing tolerance.
 3.The dominant wavelength data did not including ±1nm testing tolerance

Luminous Intensity Classification

BIN CODE		Iv(mcd) at 20mA	
		Min.	Max.
HRF	N	32	50
	P	50	80
	Q	80	125
	R	125	200

BIN CODE		Iv(mcd) at 20mA	
		Min.	Max.
DBK	P	50	80
	Q	80	125
	R	125	200
	S	200	320

Dominant Wavelength Classification

BIN CODE		λ_D (nm) at 20mA	
		Min.	Max.
HRF	29	624	627
	30	627	630
	31	630	633
	32	633	636

BIN CODE		λ_D (nm) at 20mA	
		Min.	Max.
DBK	0D	465	468
	0C	468	471
	0B	471	474
	0A	474	477

Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve

HRF CHIP

Fig.1 Forward current vs. Forward Voltage

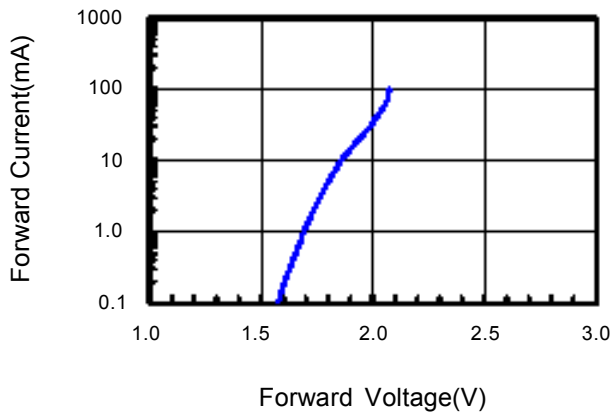


Fig.2 Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

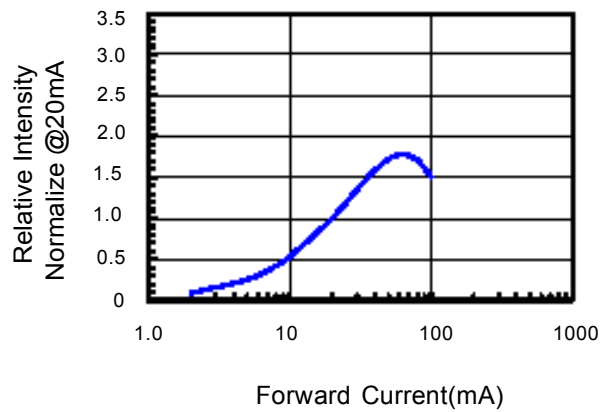


Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Temperature

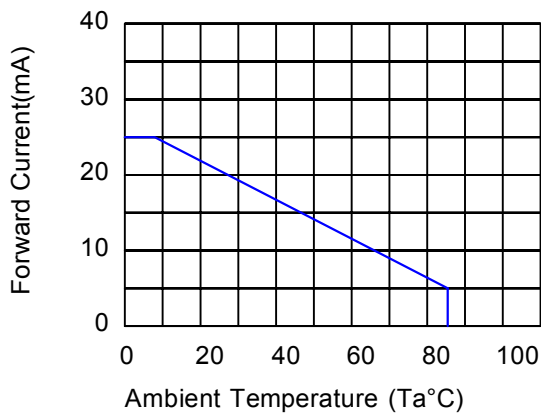


Fig.4 Relative Intensity vs. Temperature

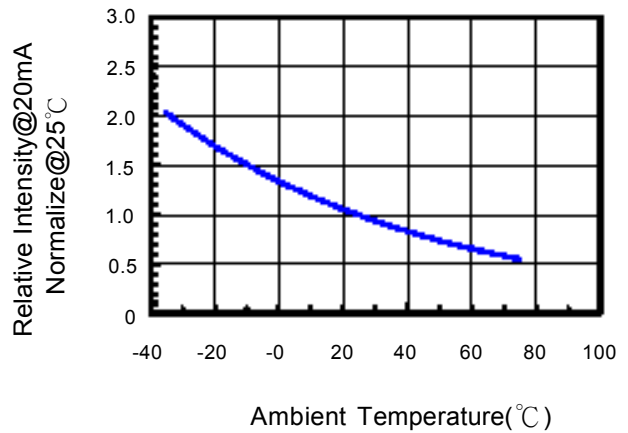
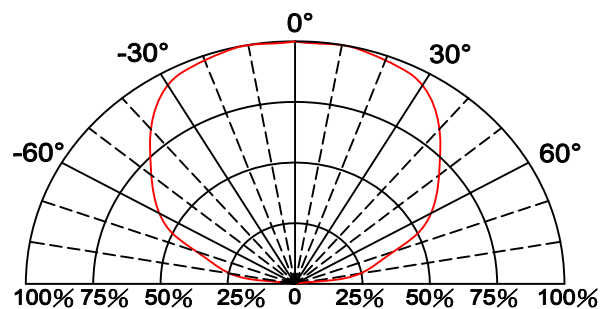
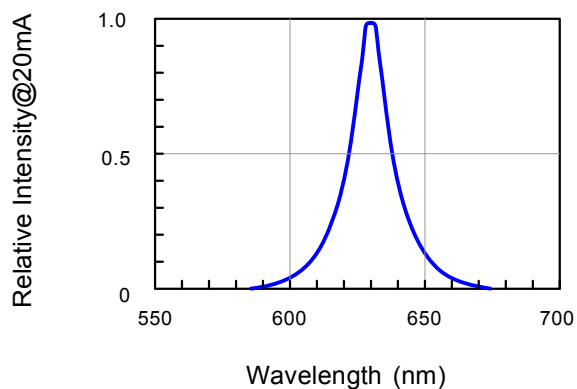


Fig.5 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength



Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve

DBK CHIP

Fig.1 Forward current vs. Forward Voltage

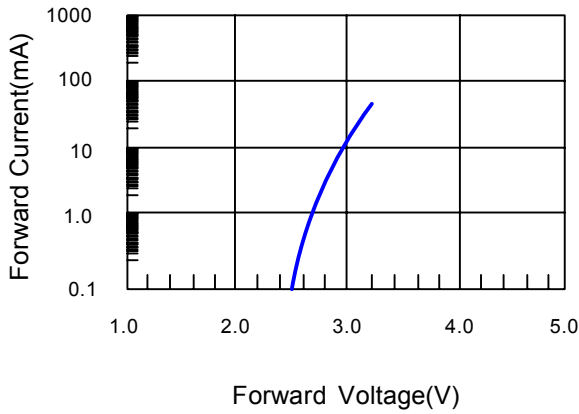


Fig.2 Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

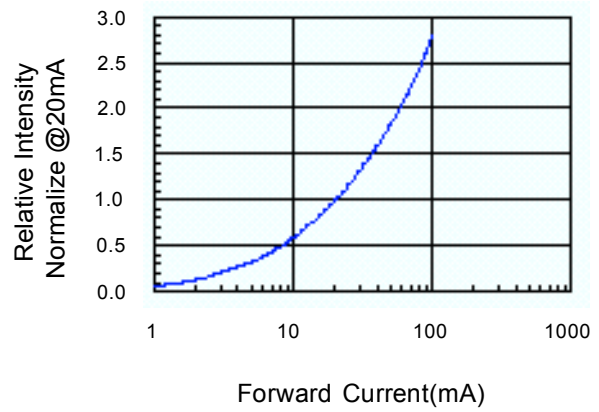


Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Temperature

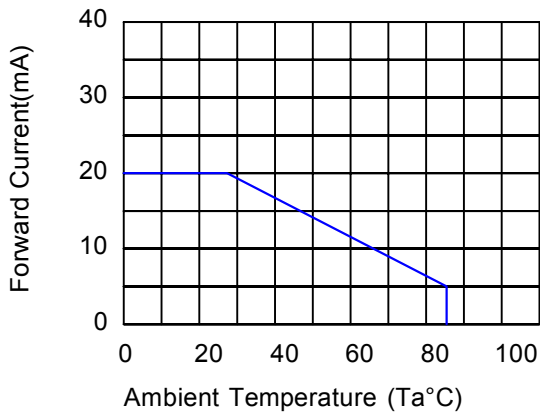


Fig.4 Relative Intensity vs. Temperature

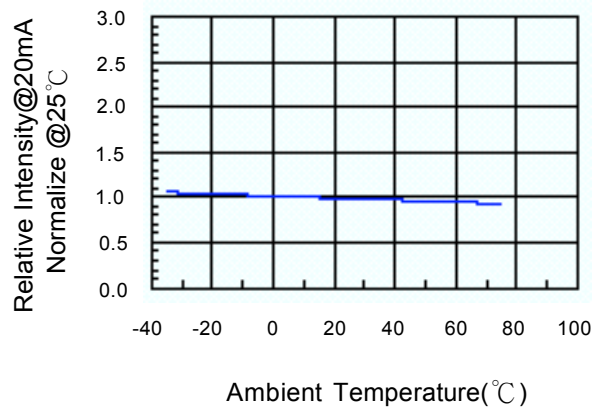


Fig.5 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

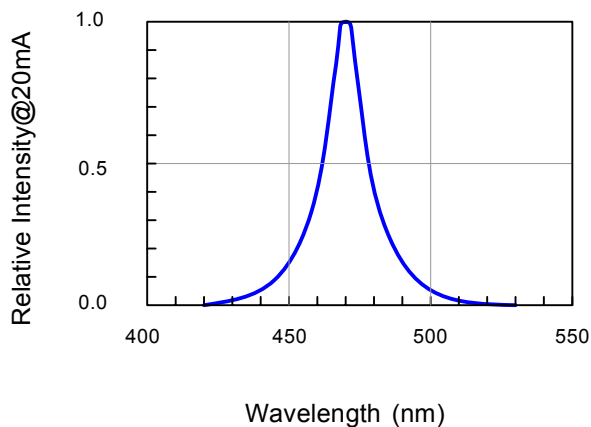
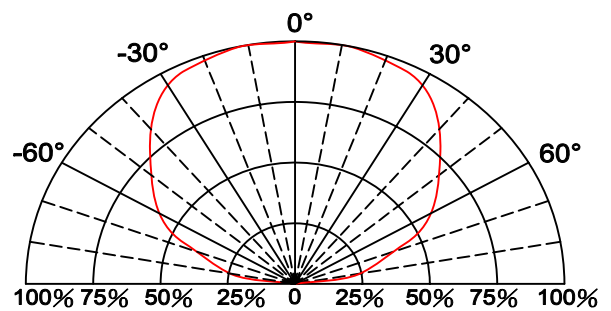
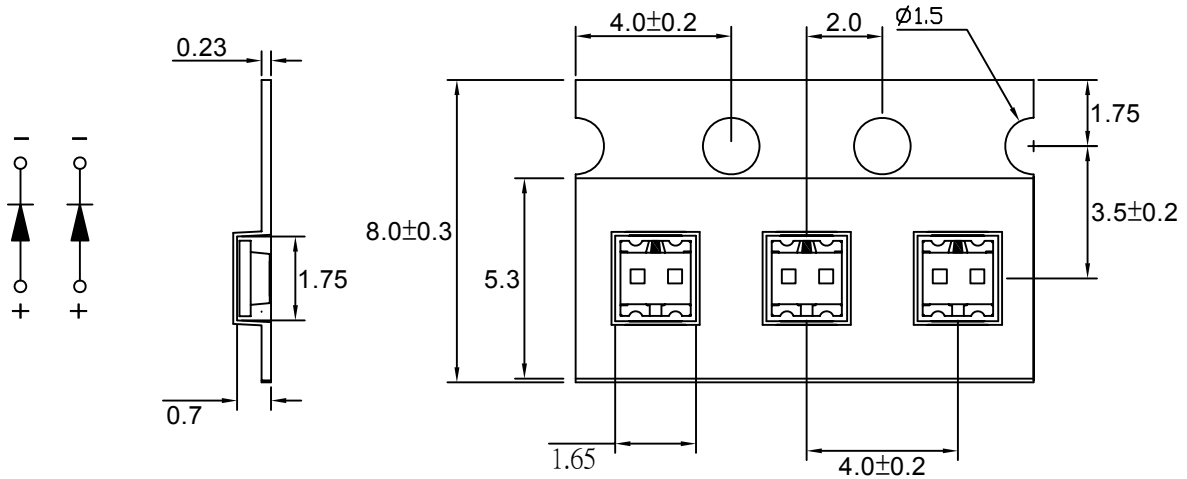


Fig.6 Directive Radiation

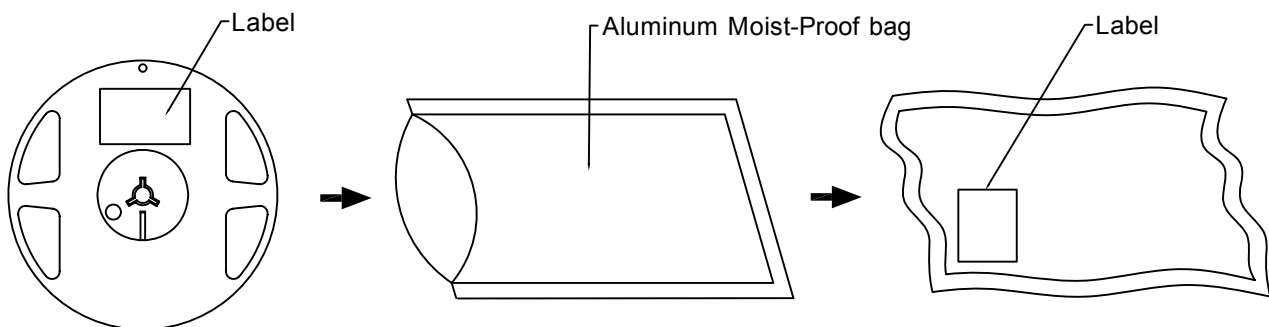


Carrier Tape Dimensions










Note : The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, Angle ± 0.5 . Unit=mm.

• Packing Specifications



Part No.	Description	Quantity/Reel
LG-195HRF/DBK-CT	8.0mm tape,7"reel	4000 devices

Label Explanation

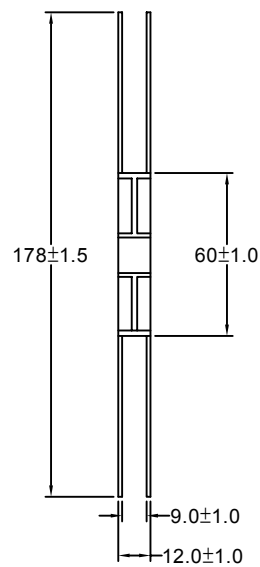
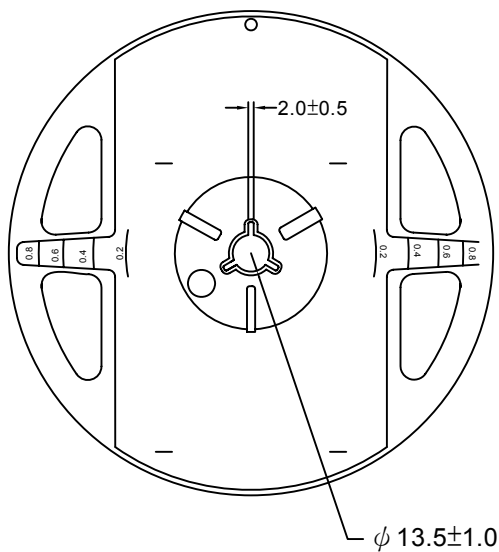
	LIGITEK ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	
		
	PART :	LG-195HRF/DBK-CT
		
	LOT :	GS11630168
		
QTY(PCS):	4000	VF:1.5-2.4
		
BIN/HUE :	N/29-P/0D	VF:2.8-3.6

BIN : Luminous Intensity

HUE : Dominant Wavelength

VF : Forward Voltage

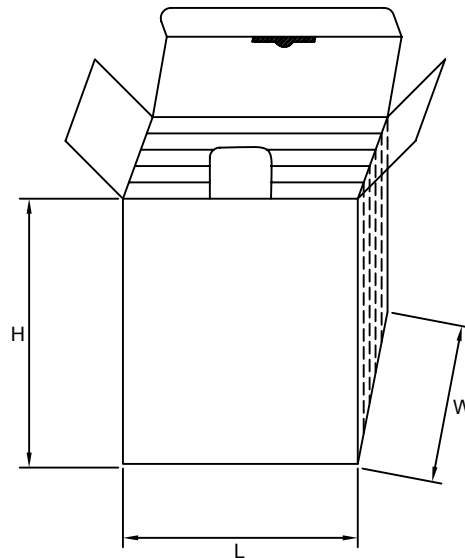
Reel Dimensions



Box Explanation

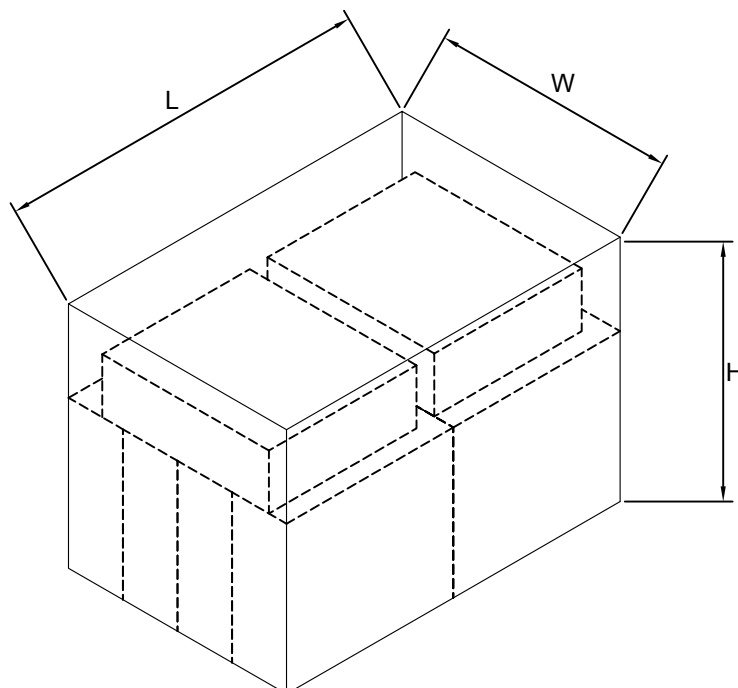
1. 5 BAG / INNER BOX

2. INNER BOX SIZE : L X W X H 23cm X 8.5cm x 26cm



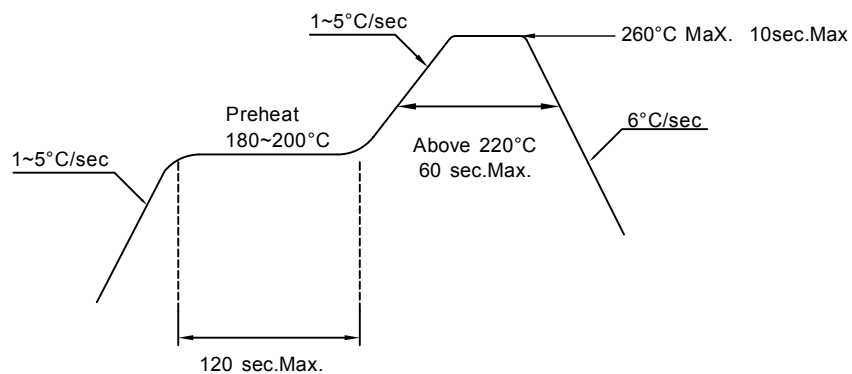
3. 10 INNER BOXES / CARTON

4. CARTON SIZE : L X W X H 58cm X 34cm x 35cm



Recommended Soldering Conditions**1. Hand Solder**

Basic spec is $\leq 280^{\circ}\text{C}$ 3 sec one time only.

3. PB-Free Reflow Solder**Note:**

- 1.Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2.When soldering,do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.After soldering,do not warp the circuit board.

Precautions For Use:**Storage time:**

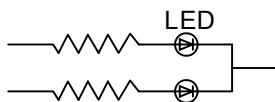
1. Calculated shelf life before opening is 18 months at $< 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $< 90\%$ relative humidity (RH)
2. After bag is opened, devices which will be subjected to reflow soldering or other high temperature processes must be
 - a) Assembled within one years in an environment of $\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C} / 60\%$ RH, or
 - b) Stored at ambient of 10% RH or less
3. Devices are required baking before assembly if:
 - a) Humidity Indicator Card reads $>10\%$ (for level 2a -5a) or $>60\%$ (for level 2) at ambient temperature $23 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - b) 2.a) or 2.b) doesn't meet
4. If baking is required, devices should be baked for >24 hours at $60 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$. Performing baking only once, and using the baked devices within 72 hours..

Drive Method:

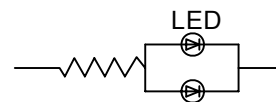
LED is a current operated device, and therefore, requirer some kind of current limiting incorporated into the driver circuit. This current limiting typically takes the form of a current limiting resistor placed in series with the LED.

Consider worst case voltage variations than could occur across the current limiting resistor. The forward current should not be allowed to change by more than 40% of its desired value.

Circuit model A



Circuit model B



(A) Recommended circuit.

(B) The difference of brightness between LED could be found due to the VF-IF characteristics of LED.

Cleaning:

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED.

ESD(Electrostatic Discharge):

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrosatic glove is recommended when handing these LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Reliability Test:

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Sample Size
Endurance Test	Operating Life Test	1.Ta=25°C 2.If=20mA 3.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs,+72hrs)	22
	High Temperature Storage Test	1.Ta=100°C±5°C 2.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs,+72hrs)	22
	Low Temperature Storage Test	1.Ta=-40°C±5°C 2.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs,+72hrs)	22
	High Temperature High Humidity Storage Test	1.Ta=85°C 2.RH=85% 3.t=1000hrs(-24hrs,+72hrs)	22
Environmental Test	Thermal Shock Test	1.Ta=100°C±5°C ~ -40°C±5°C 20min/ 10sec / 20min 2.total 100 cycles	22
	Temperature Cycling	1.100°C±5°C ~ -40°C±5°C 30mins / 5mins / 30mins 2.100 Cyeles	22
	IR Reflow	1.T=260°C Max. 10sec.Max. 2. 6 Min	22