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SURFACE MOUNT TAPE AND REEL



Lead-Free Parts

LSIR9033/TR1-IA

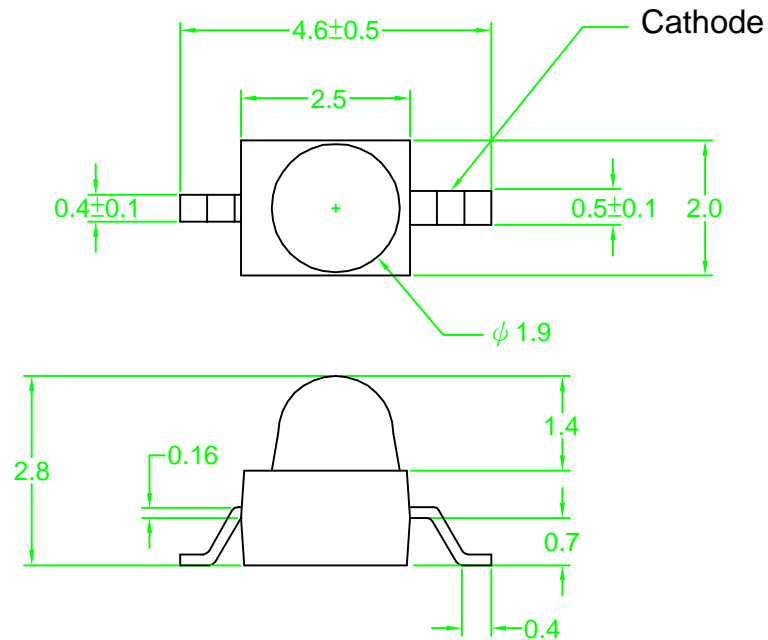
DATA SHEET

DOC. NO : QW0905-LSIR9033/TR1-IA

REV. : A

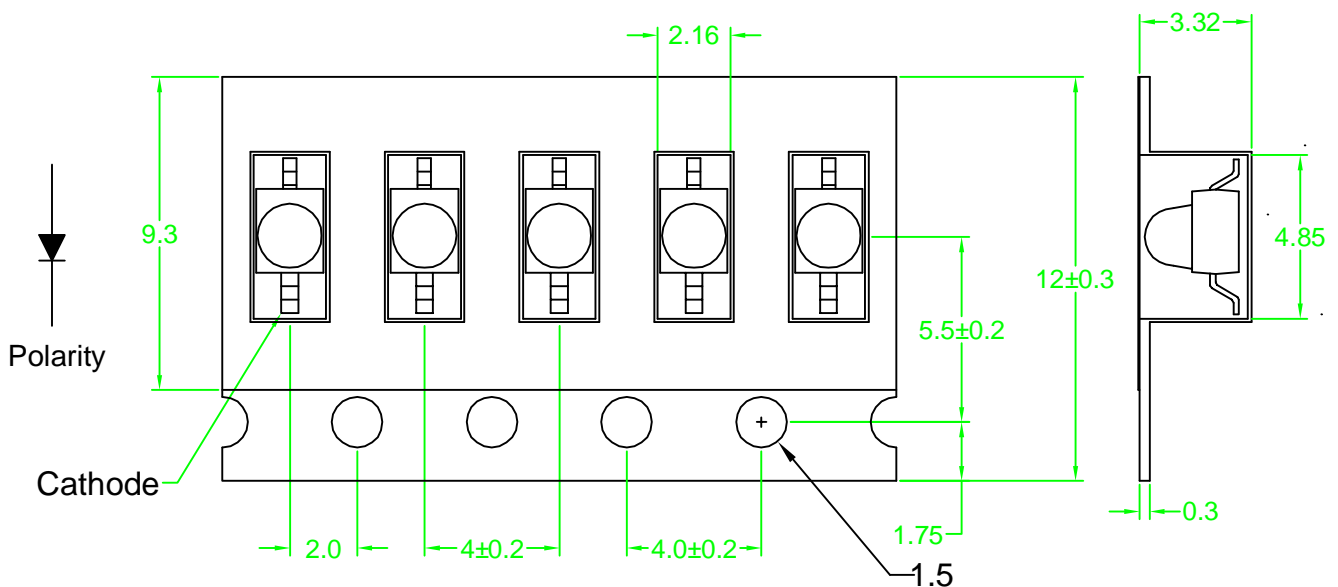
DATE : 19 - Sep. - 2016

Package Dimensions



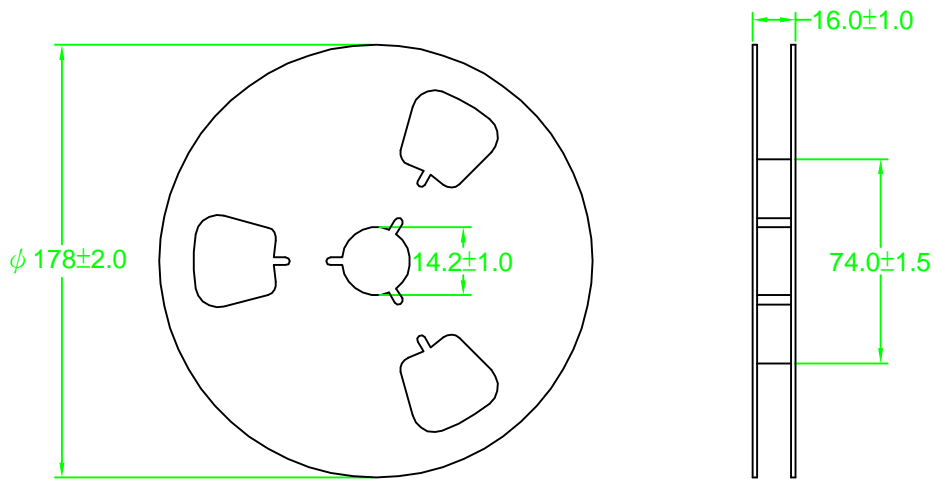
Note : 1.All dimension are in millimeter tolerance is $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$ unless otherwise noted.
2.Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Carrier Type Dimensions



Note : The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$, Angle ± 0.5 . Unit=mm.

Reel Dimensions



Description	Quantity/Reel
12.0mm tape,7"reel	1500 devices

Features:

1. High radiant intensity.
2. Suitable for pulsed applications.
3. Low average degradation.

Descriptions:

The LVIR9033/TR1 series are super-high efficiency Gallium Aluminum Arsenide infrared emitting diodes encapsulated in water clear plastic T-1 3/4 package individually

Device Selection Guide:

PART NO	MATERIAL	LENS COLOR
LVIR9033/TR1	GaAIAs	Water Clear

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	UNIT
		SIR	
Power Dissipation	PD	100	mA
Peak Forward Current (300PPS, 10 μ s Pulse)	IFP	1	A
Forward Current	IF	50	mW
Reverse Voltage	Vr	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	2000	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +85	°C

Typical Electrical & Optical Characteristics (Ta=25 °C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Radiant Intensity	Le	4.0	8.0		mW/sr	IF=20mA
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	0.57	1.14		mW/cm ²	IF=20mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ peak		880		nm	IF=20mA
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta \lambda$		70		nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF		1.4	1.7	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR			100	μ A	VR=5V
Viewing Angle	$2 \theta 1/2$		20		deg	

Note : 1. The forward voltage data did not including $\pm 0.1V$ testing tolerance.
2. The luminous intensity data did not including $\pm 15\%$ testing tolerance.

Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve

SIR CHIP

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

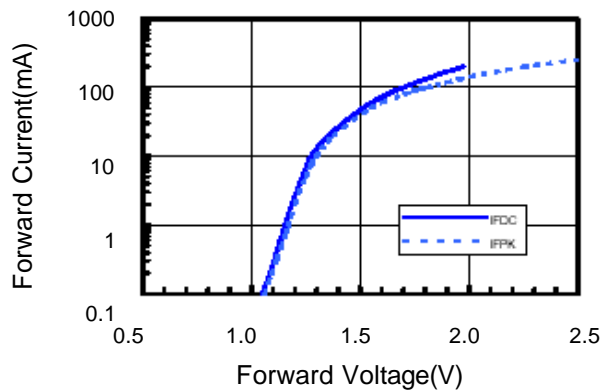


Fig.2 Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Wavelength

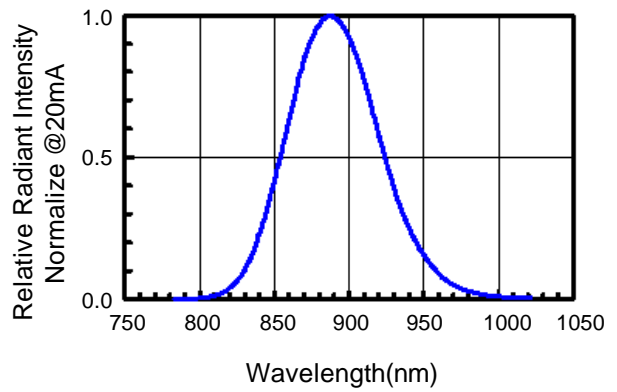


Fig.3 Relative Radiant Power vs. Forward DC Current

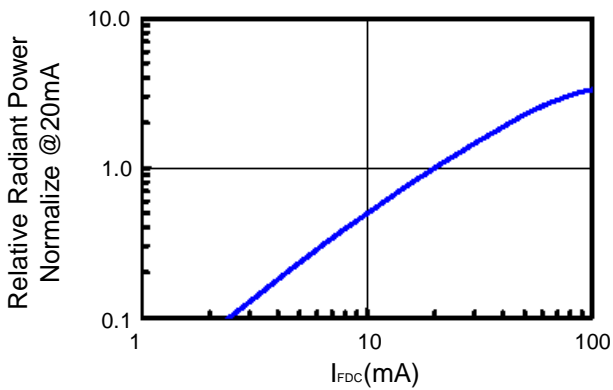


Fig.4 Relative Radiant Power vs. Forward Peak Current

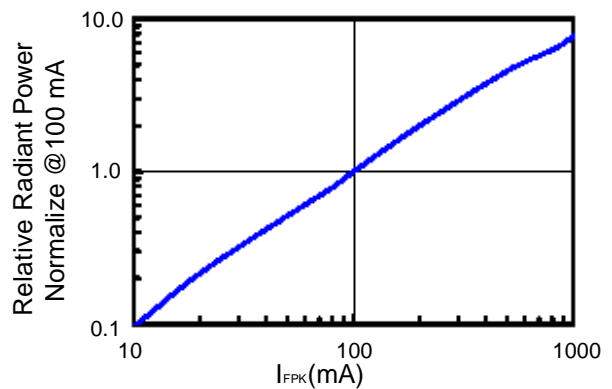


Fig.5 Forward DC Voltage vs. Temperature

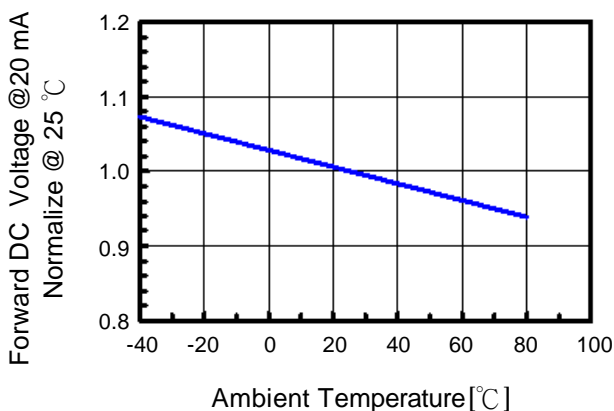
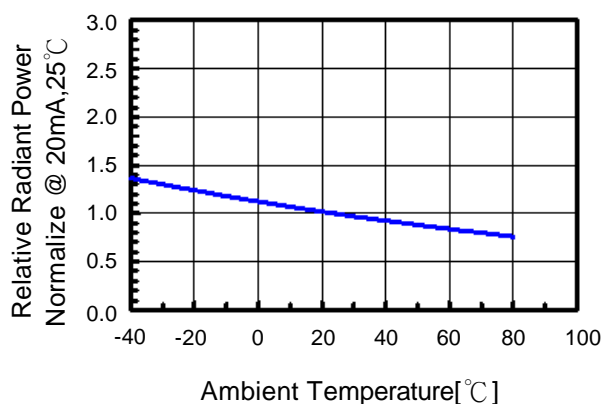


Fig.6 Relative Radiant Power vs. Temperature

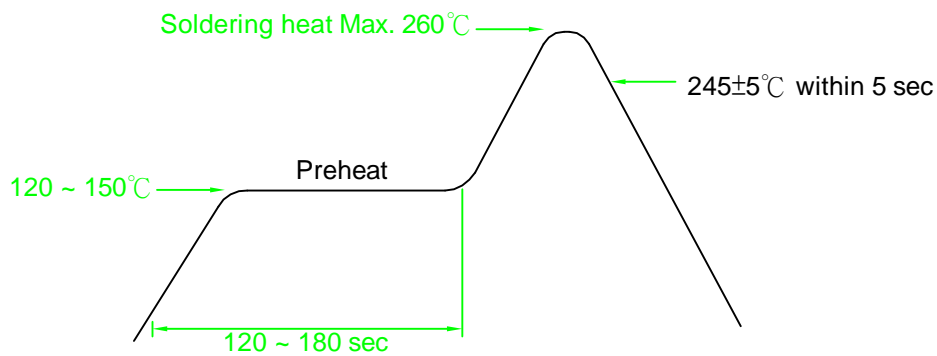


Recommended Soldering Conditions

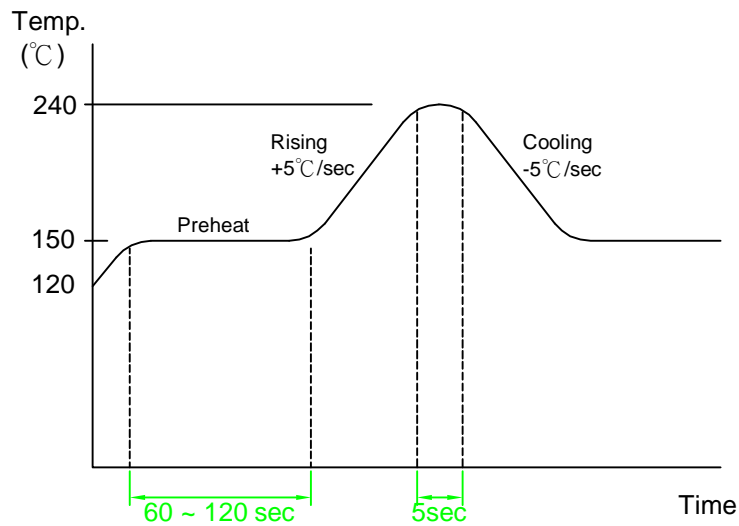
1. Hand Solder

Basic spec is $\leq 280^{\circ}\text{C}$ 3 sec one time only.

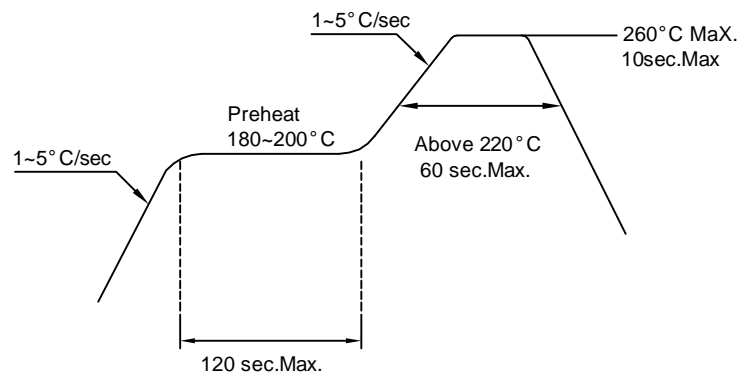
2. Wave Solder



3-1. LEAD Reflow Solder



3-2 PB-Free Reflow Solder



Reflow Soldering should not be done more than two times.

Precautions For Use:**Storage time:**

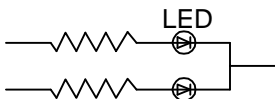
- 1.The operation of Temperatures and RH are : $5^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 35^{\circ}\text{C}$,RH<60%.
- 2.Once the package is opened, the products should be used within a week.
Otherwise, they should be kept in a damp proof box with descanting agent.
Considering the tape life, we suggest our customers to use our products within a year(from production date).
- 3.If opened more than one week in an atmosphere $5^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 35^{\circ}\text{C}$,RH<60%, they should be treated at $60^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ fo r 15hrs.

Drive Method:

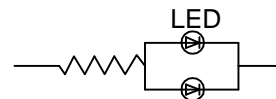
LED is a current operated device, and therefore, requirer some kind of current limiting incorporated into the driver circuit. This current limiting typically takes the form of a current limiting resistor placed in series with the LED.

Consider worst case voltage variations than could occur across the current limiting resistor. The forwr d current should not be allowed to change by more than 40 % of its desired value.

Circuit model A



Circuit model B



(A) Recommended circuit.

(B) The difference of brightness between LED could be found due to the VF-IF characteristics of LED.

Cleaning:

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED.

ESD(Electrostatic Discharge):

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrosatic glove is recommended when handing these LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Reliability Test:

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Reference Standard
Endurance Test	Operating Life Test	1.Ta=Under Room Temperature As Per Data Sheet Maximum Rating. 2.If=20mA 3.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs, +72hrs)	MIL-STD-750D: 1026 MIL-STD-883D: 1005 JIS C 7021: B-1
	High Temperature Storage Test	1.Ta=105 °C±5°C 2.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs, +72hrs)	MIL-STD-883D:1008 JIS C 7021: B-10
	Low Temperature Storage Test	1.Ta=-40 °C±5°C 2.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs, +72hrs)	JIS C 7021: B-12
	High Temperature High Humidity Storage Test	1.Ta=65 °C±5°C 2.RH=90%~95% 3.t=1000hrs±2hrs	MIL-STD-202F:103B JIS C 7021: B-11
Environmental Test	Thermal Shock Test	1.Ta=105 °C±5°C & -40 °C±5°C (10min) (10min) 2.total 10 cycles	MIL-STD-202F: 107D MIL-STD-750D: 1051 MIL-STD-883D: 1011
	Solderability Test	1.T.Sol=235 °C±5°C 2.Immersion time 2 ±0.5sec 3.Coverage ≥ 95% of the dipped surface	MIL-STD-202F: 208D MIL-STD-750D: 2026 MIL-STD-883D: 2003 IEC 68 Part 2-20 JIS C 7021: A-2
	Temperature Cycling	1.105 °C ~ 25 °C ~ -55 °C ~ 25 °C 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins 2.10 Cyeles	MIL-STD-202F: 107D MIL-STD-750D: 1051 MIL-STD-883D: 1010 JIS C 7021: A-4
	IR Reflow	1.T=260°C Max. 10sec.Max. 2. 6 Min	MIL-STD-750D:2031.2 J-STD-020